INSTITUTE FOR EXCELLENCE IN HIGHER EDUCATION, BHOPAL (M.P.)

DEPARTMENT OF FORENSIC SCIENCE

A Question Bank on

SEC/Vocational Course

Under NEP 2020

For

B.Sc. V Semester (Forensic Science)

Paper Title: Forensic Medicine and Drugs of Abuse



Sponsored by

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Module 1:Basics of Forensic Medicine

(Multiple Choice Questions)

- Q.1 Oral evidence section 60 of IAE prescribes the provision of recorded in:
 - A. A.1874
 - B. B.1872
 - C. C.1879
 - D. D.1880

Answer- A

- Q.2 Indian Evidence Act 1872 deals with oral evidence in which Section: -
 - A. Section60 to 61
 - B. Section 42 to 60
 - C. Section 59 to 60
 - D. Section 32 to 59

Answer- C

- Q.3 Leading questions are not allowed in examination in chief, except when the witness is: -
 - A. Common witness
 - B. Expert witness
 - C. Hostile witness
 - D. Paid witness

Answer- C

- Q.4 Homicidal hanging is also known as: -
 - A. Mugging
 - B. Lynching
 - C. Garrotting
 - D. Burking

Answer-B

- Q.5 A certain repetitive pattern of criminal behaviour is called his:-
 - A. Modus operandi
 - B. Probability
 - C. Corpus delicti
 - D. Passion

Answer- A

- Q.6 The following is exempted for oral testimony in a court of law except: -
 - A. Dying declaration
 - B. Chemical examiner report
 - C. Deposition of a medical witness taken in a lower court
 - D. Medical report in an injury case

Answer-A

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- Q.7 Evidence of fact is actually in issue or evidence of eye witness: -
 - A. Sec 50 IEA
 - B. Sec 40 IEA
 - C. Sec 90 IEA
 - D. Sec 60 IEA

Answer-A

- Q.8 Leading questions are asked in the trial in the case during:-
 - A. Examination in chief
 - B. Re-examination
 - C. Cross-examination
 - D. None of these

Answer- C

- Q.9 Dying deposition is a statement of a dying person on oath recorded by the following:-
 - A. Magistrate
 - B. Defence lawyer
 - C. The attending doctor
 - D. Investigating officer

Answer-A & C

- Q.10 Which of the following can be the document for the dying declaration: -
 - A. SSMS
 - B. Oral
 - C. Tap recorded
 - D. All of above

Answer-D

- Q.11 Police inquest is done by the police office, usually not below the rank of:
 - A. Magistrate
 - B. Superintendent of Police
 - C. Sub Inspector
 - D. Deputy Superintendent of Police

Answer- C

- Q.12 Coroner's Inquest was abolished in _____
 - A. Bombay
 - B. Kolkata
 - C. Pune
 - D. Delhi

Answer-B

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- Q.13 The punishment and the fine that can be imposed by a First class judicial magistrate is:
 - A. Imprisonment up to 3 years and fine not exceeding Rs. 5000/-
 - B. Imprisonment up to 5 years and fine not exceeding Rs. 5000/-
 - C. Imprisonment up to 1 years and fine not exceeding Rs. 1000/-
 - D. Imprisonment up to 7 years and unlimited fine

Answer- A

- Q.14 Out of the following which is a appellate court?
 - A. The supreme court
 - B. The high court
 - C. The sessions Court
 - D. Both A & B

Answer-D

- Q.15 Out of the following which is not the cognizable offense?
 - A. Rape
 - B. Murder
 - C. Dowry death
 - D. Defamation

Answer-D

- Q.16 Conduct money is a money given or paid to a witness in which type of cases?
 - A. Civil cases
 - B. Criminal cases
 - C. Both
 - D. None of these

Answer- A

- Q.17. Dying declaration is defined under which section?
 - A. 45 IEA
 - B. 32 IEA
 - C. 300 IPC
 - D. 60 IEA

Answer-B

- Q.18 which of the following statement is true?
 - A. Dying declaration has more value then dying deposition.
 - B. Dying deposition has more value then dying declaration.
 - C. Both of them have equal value.
 - D. Both the statements are incorrect.

Answer-B

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- Q.19 Oral evidence has more importance and superior than documentar evidence because?
 - A. It has to be proved on oath or affirmation
 - B. It can be subjected to Cross-examination
 - C. As the oral evidence could be heard by the witness directly in the court.
 - D. All the statements are correct
 - E. Only A & C

Answer- D

- Q.20 which of the following is not the procedure in court?
 - A. Oath
 - B. Examination-in-chief
 - C. Cross-examination
 - D. Main-examination

Answer- D

- Q.21 who has the authority for the exhumation of the body for the purpose of investigation?
 - A. SI
 - B. Dy SP
 - C. Magistrate
 - D. Doctor

Answer-C

- Q.22. Leading questions are not allowed in
 - A. Examination-in-chief
 - B. Oath
 - C. Main-examination
 - D. Cross-examination

Answer- A

- Q.23. Coroner's court is the court of
 - A. Investigation
 - B. Inquiry
 - C. Judgment
 - D. Trial

Answer-B

- Q.24. Out the following which court is the highest judicial tribunal in the country?
 - A. Supreme court
 - B. High court
 - C. Magistrate court
 - D. Sessions court

Answer- A

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Module 2: Personal Identification

(Multiple Choice Questions)

- Q.1 A boy has 20 permanent teeth and 8 temporary teeth. His age is likely to be:
 - A. 9 years
 - B. 10 years
 - C. 11 years
 - D. 12 years

Answer -B

- Q.2 The best method for identification of a person is-
 - A. Dactylography
 - B. Anthropometry
 - C. Personal appearance after death
 - D. Color change of hair

Answer- A

- Q.3 The Skull of a male differs from that of a female by all of the following EXCEPT:
 - A. capacity greater than 1500cc
 - B. Muscular markings over the occiput are less marked
 - C. Orbits are square
 - D. Frontal eminence small

Answer-B

- Q.4 For determination of sex, smear is taken from:
 - A. Buccal mucosa
 - B. Vagina
 - C. Skin
 - D. Nose

Answer- A

- Q.5 Most useful sample for extraction of DNA for analysis during autopsy is taken from?
 - A. Liver
 - B. Brain
 - C. Spleen
 - D. Kidney

Answer -A

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- Q.6 The most specific test to detect blood stains is:
 - A. Benzidine test
 - B. Teichmann's test
 - C. Ortho-toluidine test
 - D. Spectroscopic test

Answer – B

- Q.7. Dry semen stains on clothes are identified by:
 - A. Spectroscopy
 - B. UV light
 - C. Infrared rays
 - D. Magnifying lens

Answer-B

- Q.8. Corporo-basal index is used to determine:
 - A. Race
 - B. Sex
 - C. Age
 - D. Stature

Answer-B

- Q.9. Sex can be established by examination of hair root cells for the presence of:
 - A. Davidson body
 - B. Barr body
 - C. Golgi body
 - D. Medullary index

Answer-B

- Q.10. Preauricular sulcus is useful for:
 - A. Age determination
 - B. Sex determination
 - C. Race determination
 - D. Mode of death

Answer-B

- Q.21 In Gustafson's method of age determination from teeth, the most reliable criterion is:
 - A. Cementum deposition
 - B. Root reabsorption
 - C. Secondary dentile
 - D. DepositionRoot Transparency

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- Q.22 Sex can be accurately determined from long bones up to:
 - A. 95%
 - B. 90%
 - C. 85%
 - A. D.80%

Answer- D

- Q.23 The cephalic index is used them for determination of:
 - A. Race
 - B. Sex
 - C. Age
 - D. Pelvic abnormality

Answer- A

- Q.24 The second molar erupts at:
 - A. 6 years
 - B. 12 years
 - C. 18 to 22 years
 - D. 25 to 28 years

Answer-B

- Q.25 A tattoo is useful in identifying a person except:
 - A. Living
 - B. Dead
 - C. Burnt
 - D. Decomposed

Answer-C

- Q.26 Pure Aryans have which type of skull?
 - A. Mesaticephalic
 - B. Bradycephalic
 - C. Doliocephalic
 - D. None of the above

Answer- C

- Q.27 Best specimen of bone for sex determination is:
 - A. Femur
 - B. Pelvis
 - C. Skull
 - D. Mandible

Answer-B

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Q.28 First permanent tooth to arise:

- A. Incisor
- B. Canine
- C. Premolar
- D. Molar

Answer- D

Q.29 Cephalic index in Indians is:

- A. 70-75
- B. 75-80
- C. 85-90
- D. 90-95

Answer-B

Q.30 Cheiloscopy is the study of:

- A. Foot prints
- B. Palm print
- C. Finger print
- D. Lip print

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Module3: Injury

(Multiple Choice Questions)

- **Q.1** Injury is defined under which section of IPC?
 - A. Section 40 of IPC
 - B. Section 44 of IPC
 - C. Section 42 of IPC
 - D. Section 54 of IPC

Answer – B

- Q.2 Which of the following is not the example of grievous hurt:
 - A. Facial burns
 - B. Fracture bones
 - C. Emasculation
 - D. A small cut on leg

Answer - D

- Q.3 Which section defines dangerous weapons?
 - A. Section 329 of IPC
 - B. Section 326 of IPC
 - C. Section 324 of IPC
 - D. None of the above

Answer-B & C

- Q.4 Effused blood does not clot in the
 - A. Stomach
 - B. Abdominal cavity
 - C. Pleural cavity
 - D. Pericardial cavity

Answer- C

- Q.5 Systemic air embolism is seen in
 - A. Penetrating wounds of liver
 - B. Penetrating wounds of abdomen
 - C. Lacerations of the brain
 - D. Penetrating wounds of lungs

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Q.6 Section 320 of IPC defines:

- A. Grievous hurt
- B. Assault
- C. Hurt
- D. Injury

Answer- A

Q.7 Ante-mortem and postmortem injuries could be differentiated by all except :

- A. Swollen edge
- B. Sharp edge
- C. Blood clots in surrounding tissue
- D. Evert margins

Answer - B

Q.7 What is falanga?

- A. Beating of ear with both palms
- B. Suspension on the wrist
- C. Beating of soles with blunt object
- D. Beating on the abdomen

Answer- C

Q.8 What is telefona?

- A. Pulling of hair
- B. Beating of ears
- C. Tying a plastic bag over head
- D. Beating the sole of feet

Answer-B

Q.9 Brush burn is due to

- A. Firearm injury
- B. Electrical injury
- C. Graze abrasion
- D. Friction injury

Answer-C

Q.10 Medico legal injuries can be

- A. Suicidal
- B. Homicidal
- C. Accidental
- D. All of the above

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Module4: Death and Post Mortem Examination

(Multiple Choice Questions)

- **Q.1** Arrange the changes that appear in a cadaver in sequential order:
 - A) Cooling, Rigor, Marbling, Mummification.
 - B) Rigor, Cooling, Marbling, Mummification.
 - C) Cooling, Marbling, Rigor, Mummification.
 - D) Mummification, Cooling, Marbling, Rigor.

Answer- A

- **Q.2** The objectives of a medicolegal autopsy include:
 - A) Identification of the victim
 - B) Determine the time since death
 - C) Determine the cause of death
 - D) Identify the accused

Codes:

- 1. (C) and (D) are correct
- 2. (B), (C) and (D) are correct
- 3. (A), (B) and (C) are correct
- 4. (A) and (D) are correct

Answer- 3

- **Q.3** What is Corpus delectile evidence in case of murder by forearm?
 - 1. Revolver
 - 2. Blood stains
 - 3. Fired bullet
 - 4. Dead body

Answer- 4

- **Q.4** The ideal place to record temperature in a dead body is from:
 - 1. Axilla
 - 2. Groin
 - 3. Rectum
 - 4. Mouth

Answer-3

- **Q.5** Multiple parallel superficial cuts criss-crossing each other are suggestive of:
 - 1. Fabricated wounds
 - 2. Suicidal Wounds
 - 3. accidentally sustained wound
 - 4. homicidal wounds

Answer-2

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Q.6- For the diatoms test the best site for taking sample is:

- 1. Lungs
- 2. Bone Marrow in ulnar
- 3. Bone marrow in femur
- 4. Muscles

Answer-3

Q.7-Syncope is:

- 1. Death due to failure of brain function
- 2. Death due to failure of heart function
- 3. Death due to failure of lungs
- 4. Death due to failure of kidney

Answer-2

Q.8- Last organ to putrefy

- 1. Uterus / prostate
- 2. Testes
- 3. Ovary
- 4. Adrenals

Answer-1

Q.9- Foamy liver is seen in:

- 1. Arsenic poisoning
- 2. Electrocution
- 3. Hanging
- 4. Putrefaction

Answer- 4

Q.10- Coma is:

- 1. Death due to failure of brain function
- 2. Death due to failure of heart function
- 3. Death due to failure of lungs
- 4. Death due to failure of kidney

Answer-1

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Module5: Drugs of Abuse

(Multiple Choice Questions)

- 1. Marquis reagent was a test discovered in_
 - A. 1896
 - B. 1886
 - C. 1996
 - D. 1956
 - **Answer: A**
- 2. This test is for LSD
 - A. Van Urk test
 - B. Husemann's test
 - C. Meck's test
 - D. Scott's test
 - Answer: A
- 3. There is a test to detect cocaine
 - A. Scott's test
 - B. Vitali`s test
 - C. Fast blue B test
 - D. FPN test
 - **Answer: A**
- 4. Preliminary test for barbiturates which are given below
 - A. Dille-Koppanyi test
 - B. Koppanyi-zwikker test
 - C. Fronde's reagent test
 - D. A and B
 - **Answer: D**
- 5. What test is used for cannabis_
 - A. Vitail test
 - B. Fast blue b test
 - C. Scott's test
 - D. None of these
 - **Answer: B**
- 6. Nicotine is_
 - A. Poppy seeds
 - B. Hemp plant
 - C. Ergot fungus
 - D. Coffee plant

Answer: D

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- 7. The LSD is derived from_
 - A. Poppy plant
 - B. Hemp plant
 - C. Coca plant
 - D. Fungus

Answer: D

- 8. Which of the following poisons is a narcotic_?
 - A. Opium
 - B. Liquor
 - C. Hashish
 - D. Cannabis

Answer: A

- 9. The following is the best sample for heroin detection
 - A. Hair
 - B. Gastric content
 - C. Urine
 - D. Bile

Answer: C

- 10. Methadone is used for_
 - A. Chronic pain
 - B. Opioid dependence
 - C. Detoxification
 - D. All of the above

Answer: B